IAT_EX 1/2

LATEX: The Bare Minimum

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Outline

1 Why?

2 Structure of a LATEX Document

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2 Structure of a LATEX Document

MS Word is Finger Painting

- It is easier to write a letter to Mom with Word, more difficult to produce a systematic, uniformly formatted documents.
- Too easy to accidentally "reformat" particular pieces in inconsistent ways.
- Pasting imports inconsistent, hidden style & structure
- Equations are tedious, unpredictable when exported
- Non-reproducible documents.

We've Lost the Separation of Content and Structure

- Word, and Word Perfect, were not always so GUI.
 - Text was created and marked by its style, and it stayed that way
 - Reformatting was done by revising the style sheet
 - Example: if you want to change all italicized words to bold italics, change the style, not the document
- The separation of "content" from "format" was possible, as late as 1992 (or so).

The TEX Idea

- Donald Knuth, Stanford professor, developed TEX
- Stated objective: let authors focus on the content of their words and equations
- Publisher standards for margins, indentation, table placement, etc, were wrapped up in "Style" or "Class" packages.
- LATEX is the newer edition of TEX (both name files *.tex)

Brief Historical Detour

Original workflow was $\protect\operatorname{MTEX} \to \protect\operatorname{DVI} \to \protect\operatorname{Postscript}$

- DVI: "device independent format"
- 2 A program named "latex" converted "*.tex" → "*.dvi"
- 3 One would view the dvi, much the same as one views PS or PDF today
- 4 Follow up programs convert: DVI →PS

- Today, English speakers more likely use "pdflatex" LATEX →PDF
- New development focus in on incorporation of international character sets (XeTeX and LuaTeX)

Different from MS Word?

- The *.tex document is plain text (has no hidden fields, markup)
- Blank lines separate paragraphs, etc
- Can edit with any "flat text editor" program (Emacs, TexMaker or TexWorks or TexShop or TexStudio . . .)
- Does not "absorb" graphics to make on giant *.tex file. Rather, the *.tex file refers to other files.
- Authors "compile" the document into PDF or HTML or ...
- Word can be used more systematically, but most users never bother to learn how

Most LATEX Projects Begin with a Template

- As we will see, a LaTEX document has some "boilerplate" that is required.
- Because that boilerplate is difficult to produce and use, most users find example documents that meet their requirements and they revise from there.
- The KU Dissertation Thesis Template project is in that vein, providing a working document.

A LATEX Distribution

- Distribution is a bigish collection of programs and format files
- Consider "MikTEX", a large, free distribution of LATEX software for MS Windows
- Look under MikTEX's install, eg "C:\Program Files(x86)\MikTEX"
- Folder MikTEX/miktex/bin: executables (exe files)
 - Processors: latex, pdftex, dvips, xetex, tex4ht, oolatex
 - Viewers: yap (for dvi and ps)
 - Editors: TFXworks

- Folder "tex" is collection of packages.
- Look under tex/latex, one folder per addon package

Extensible: The Good and the Bad

- CTAN: Comprehensive T_EX Archive Network: 1000s of packages
 - There is no "corporate regulation" of the LATEX "thing". New compilers, packages, scripts, pop up all the time.

The Good:

- Packages for many specific purposes
- Scholars/Universities/companies/journals can create customized document styles
- Example: Beamer LATEX framework (this document)

The Bad:

- Some packages don't work, are not up-to-date
- User documents are "broken" by slapping together contradictory packages.
- Some obvious features unavailable (nobody pays package developer).

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Simplest Possible LaTeX Document

- Beginning:
 - a document declaration
 - "Preamble"
- Middle:
 - content!
- End:

```
\documentclass{article}
%%1. This is the boiler—plate part, a preamble
%%Usually there will be many lines with \usepackage
{}
makeatletter
makeatother

%%2. middle
begin{document}
author{Paul Johnson}
date{January 16, 2008}
title{Very Short Document in \LaTeX{}}
maketitle
Here's the smallest \LaTeX{} document I can provide
```

Type any crap you want here.

Test some math \$\\pi R^2\$

%%3.ending \end{document}

Use blank lines to separate paragraphs.

```
4 □ ト 4 問 ト 4 三 ト 4 三 ト 9 Q (^
```

Macros, Environments, etc

- Comments prefixed by %
- A LATEX Macro: backslash-argument{content}: \author{Paul Johnson}
- An environment is text bracketed by "begin" and "end" statements

```
\begin{frame}
\frametitle{Macros, Environments, etc}
\begin{itemize}
item Comments prefixed by \%
\item A \LaTeX{\} Macro: backslash-argument{content}: \author\{
    Paul Johnson\\}
\item An environment is text bracketed by ''begin'' and ''end''
    statements
\end{itemize}
\end{frame}
```

Save That, Compile it

- In the terminal, the user runs "pdflatex example.tex"
 - latex ⇒ pdf
- Looks like this, if you can see the input & output.

```
$ pdflatex example.tex
This is pdfTeX, Version 3.14159265 - 2.6 - 1.40.15 (TeX Live 2014/
    Debian) (preloaded format=pdflatex)
 restricted \write18 enabled.
entering extended mode
(./example.tex
LaTeX2e <2014/05/01>
Babel \langle 3.9k \rangle and hyphenation patterns for 4 languages loaded.
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/base/article.cls
Document Class: article 2007/10/19 v1.4h Standard LaTeX document
     class
(/usr/share/texlive/texmf-dist/tex/latex/base/size10.clo))
No file example.aux.
[1{/var/lib/texmf/fonts/map/pdftex/updmap/pdftex.map}] (./
    example.aux) )</usr/s
hare/texlive/texmf-dist/fonts/type1/public/amsfonts/cm/cmmi10.
    pfb></usr/share/t
```

Save That, Compile it ...

```
exlive/texmf-dist/fonts/type1/public/amsfonts/cm/cmmi7.pfb></usr
    /share/texlive/
texmf-dist/fonts/type1/public/amsfonts/cm/cmr10.pfb></usr/share/
    texlive/texmf-d
ist/fonts/type1/public/amsfonts/cm/cmr12.pfb></usr/share/texlive
    /texmf-dist/fon
ts/type1/public/amsfonts/cm/cmr17.pfb></usr/share/texlive/texmf-
    dist/fonts/type
1/public/amsfonts/cm/cmr7.pfb>
Output written on example.pdf (1 page, 60271 bytes).
Transcript written on example.log.
```

Running pdflatex produces several intermediate files:

```
    -rw-rw-r
    1
    8
    2015-04-17
    13:39
    example.aux

    -rw-rw-r
    1
    3319
    2015-04-17
    13:39
    example.log

    -rw-r
    1
    60271
    2015-04-17
    13:39
    example.pdf
```

- A more complicated document may require repeated runs of "pdflatex" and "bibtex" to make all of the separate pieces work together.
- To avoid manually running those separate bits, many people use a convenience scripts like "texi2pdf"

Editors to Facilitate LaTeX Work

- TexShop, TextMate for Macintosh
- Multiplatform General Purpose Editors
 - Emacs (The editor of the gods) with "AucTEX" mode
 - Eclipse (a programming IDE)
- LATEX Specific
 - TexMaker (I like that one)
 - TexStudio
- Windows
 - TEXWorks (delivered with MikTEX)

Gotchas:

- Assumes user has medium/deep understanding of computer
- Editing: Lots of "boilerplate" details
- Preamble has \usepackage{} statement for each package
 - Each macro or environment comes from some package
 - Users must learn how to install packages (hassle...)

Software to Facilitate Producing LaTeX Documents

- LyX (Open Source, Multiplatform): can export to LATEX
 - a "document processor" with some point-and-click features
 - Allows to write "real LTEX" as well inside LyX document
 - Version 2 introduced the "on the fly" spell-checking
- Scientific Word (Commercial, MS Windows)- A MS Word look-alike that can create LATFX documents
- TEXMacs (Open Source) Similar in concept to LyX, developed by a smaller team of programmers

Generally, these provide

- Document "templates", pre-formatted examples that work
- Facilitators for entry of formulae and special formatting
- I often use LγX, and export documents to LaTEX format.

When Do I Edit with Emacs, not LyX?

- Some document types—multiple choice exams—have specialized LATEX classes for which LyX has no "customization" or "layout"
- My co-author is a LATEX writer who has invested years to learn how that works and refuses to try LYX
- LyX has a bug that I can't work around.
- LyX upgrades and I don't like their "enhancements" as much as raw LaTeX.

LATEX

Raw TeX Exercise: Compile My Terminal-1 lecture

- Edit and Compile a LATEX file. In my Guides repository, look for the folder Computing_HOWTO/IntroTerminal-1. Find the file "terminal-1.tex".
 - Make a directory in your computer
 - Download terminal-1.tex and beamerthemeKU.sty in there.
 - You also need to copy the sub-directory "importfigs". Those graphics were recently added to beautify this.
- Figure out how to open and compile the document.
 - Open a terminal, run "pdflatex terminal-1.tex", for example.
- Because that file has a table of contents, it is necessary to run pdflatex twice
 - If your computer has a copy of the program "texi2pdf", use that instead, it will run pdflatex as many times as necessary.

LATEX

What to do next? Followup Presentations Needed

- This will become the organizing location of LATEX support documents. http://crmda.ku.edu/guides/latex-help
- In the past, and probably for a while, most of my LATEX support material has been hosted at http://pj.freefaculty.org/latex
- Notes "LyX for Beginners" http://pj.freefaculty.org/guides/Computing-HOWTO/ LatexAndLyx/LyX-Beginner
- Embarassingly, I forgot I had written those notes and agreed to give a LyX presentation, so I made a new, possibly better version of the same (with a much more enticing title) "How to Cheat on Your LatexAndLyx/LyX-for_LaTeX_homework"

 Embarassingly, I forgot I had written those notes and agreed to give a LyX presentation of the Samuel Samue

LATEX

What to do next? Followup Presentations Needed ...

- LyX-Intemediate! You can monitor our progress here: http://pj.freefaculty.org/guides/Computing-HOWTO/ LatexAndLyx/LyX-Intermediate
- KU Thesis class & example document http://pj.freefaculty.org/guides/Computing-HOWTO/ LatexAndLyx/KU-thesis
- Developing your own LyX Template http://pj.freefaculty.org/guides/Computing-HOWTO/ LatexAndLyx/LyX-article-template
- For "reproducible research" by the use of Sweave? Maybe knitr http://pj.freefaculty.org/guides/Computing-HOWTO/ LatexAndLyx/LyX-sweave-tutorial

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KUant guide templates http://pj.freefaculty.org/guides/Computing-HOWTO/ LatexAndLyx/KUant_template http://pj.freefaculty.org/guides/Computing-HOWTO/ LatexAndLyx/KUant_template_sweave